FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ScholarShare Investment Board Sacramento, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the ScholarShare Administrative Fund (the Administrative Fund) of the State of California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ScholarShare Administrative Fund of the State of California, as of June 30, 2017, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the ScholarShare Administrative Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of California as of June 30, 2017 and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

GILBERT ASSOCIATES, INC.

Milbert associates, bu.

Sacramento, California

November 16, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

This section of the ScholarShare Investment Board's (SIB or Board) annual financial statements for the ScholarShare Administrative Fund (Fund) presents management's discussion and analysis of the Fund's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2017. Read it in conjunction with the financial statements that follow this section.

GENERAL BACKGROUND, OVERVIEW AND PROGRAMS

The California Legislature authorized creation of the Golden State ScholarShare College Savings Trust (Trust) in 1997 (Education Code Sections 69980-69994 (Act), establishing a "qualified tuition program" as defined in Section 529 (Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code))). The Act authorizes Trust investments for a specific beneficiary's advance savings for qualified higher education expenses at an eligible educational institution. The Board is the State entity responsible for administering the State's qualified tuition program, the ScholarShare 529 College Savings Plan (Plan).

The Act authorizes SIB to collect administrative fees in connection with transactions of the Plan. The fees collected make up the ScholarShare Administrative Fund (Fund). The Fund is used, upon appropriation by the State Legislature, for the purposes specified in the Act. This self-funding structure allows SIB to fund services as required in the Act, such as investments, marketing, and administrative services related to the Plan, including operating costs, without cost to the State's General Fund. All fees are deposited into the Fund and all expenses are paid from the Fund pursuant to the Act. In addition, interest earned from the investment of the Fund in the State's Surplus Money Investment Fund is deposited directly into the Fund.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position was \$3,082,077.
- Operating revenues were \$1,337,374.
- The total cost of operations was \$2,181.817.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OVERVIEW OF REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund present information as an Enterprise Fund which uses accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The financial statements include a Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position; Statement of Cash Flows; and notes to the financial statements.

■ The *Balance Sheet* includes all of the Fund's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position for the year ended June 30, 2017 and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the Fund's creditors (liabilities) (see Table 1).

Table 1 Balance Sheet June 30, 2017 and 2016							
June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016							
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Current Assets	\$ 5,533,898	\$ 5,941,471					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	622,237	550,437					
Total Assets and Outflows of Resources	\$ 6,156,135	<u>\$ 6,491,908</u>					
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Current Liabilities	\$ 268,592	\$ 78,408					
Non-Current Liabilities	2,800,787	2,488,926					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,679	38,643					
Total Liabilities and							
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 3,074,058	\$ 2,605,977					
Net Position	\$ 3,082,077	\$ 3,885,931					
Total Net Position	\$ 3,082,077	\$ 3,885,931					
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Net Position	<u>\$ 6,156,135</u>	\$ 6,491,908					

The Fund's total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position were \$6,156,135 as of June 30, 2017. This total includes net pension liability, in the amount of \$2,037,508, included in non-current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, in the amount of \$4,679, as required pursuant to GASB Statement 68 (GASB 68) and GASB Statement 71 (GASB 71).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position* accounts for all revenues earned and expenses incurred by the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2017. This statement reflects the results of the Fund's operations over the year (see Table 2).

Table 2							
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Cha	_	Position					
For the Years then Ended June 30,	2017 and 2016						
<u>FY 2016-17</u> <u>FY 2015-16</u>							
Operating Revenues Fees Revenue	\$ 1,337,374	\$ 1,072,23 <u>5</u>					
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 1,337,374	\$ 1,072,235					
Operating Expenses Operating Expenses	¢ 2 101 017	¢ 2.257.750					
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 2,181,817 \$ 2,181,817	\$ 2,257,759 \$ 2,257,759					
Non-Operating Revenue	Φ 40.500	Φ 26.104					
Interest Income Total Non-Operating Revenue	\$ 40,589 \$ 40,589	\$ 26,184 \$ 26,184					
Change in Net Position	\$ (803,854)	\$ (1,159,340)					
Net Position – Beginning	\$ 3,885,931	\$ 5,045,271					
Net Position – Ending	\$ 3,082,077	\$ 3,885,931					

In fiscal year 2016-2017, the Fund's change in net position was \$(803,854). This change in net position is a result of a \$265,139 increase in total operating revenue and a \$75,942 decrease in total operating expenses from the prior year.

In fiscal year 2016-2017, total operating expenses decreased during the fiscal year when compared to the prior fiscal year. Reasons for this change include decreases in consultants and professional services, facilities operation, general expenses, and printing.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The *Statement of Cash Flows* provides information about the Fund's cash receipts and cash payments during the year ended June 30, 2017. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, capital and related financing, noncapital financing and investment activities. The statement provides answers to questions of where cash came from, what cash was used for, and what caused changes in cash for the reporting period covered (see Table 3).

Table 3 Statement of Cash Flows For the Years then Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016						
<u>FY 2016-17</u> <u>FY 2015-16</u>						
Cash Flows Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (459,545) 36,213 \$ (423,332)	\$ (1,113,473) 23,087 \$ (1,090,386)				
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,728,155	\$ 6,818,541				
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,304,823	<u>\$ 5,728,155</u>				

The net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$423,332, which is an increase from the decrease of \$1,090,386 from the prior fiscal year, is due to the overall increase in total operating revenues and overall decrease in total operating expenses during fiscal year 2016-2017.

■ The *Notes to Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE FUND'S FUTURE

The Fund's operating revenues are directly related to the assets invested in the Plan. A number of factors affect these assets including, but not limited to, market conditions; the rate and amount of contributions from new and existing Plan participants; and withdrawals from Plan participants either for qualified and non-qualified expenses or rollovers out of the Plan. Anticipation of these factors remains unknown and may result in an increase or decrease in the Fund's operating revenues in future years.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fund's financial position and is intended for distribution to a variety of interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director, ScholarShare Investment Board, 915 Capitol Mall, Room 105, Sacramento, California 95814.

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents in state treasury	\$	5,304,823
Accounts receivable		141,745
Due from other funds		62,951
Interest receivable		12,379
Prepaid expenses	_	12,000
Total assets		5,533,898
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		622,237
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	6,156,135
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	170,628
Due to other funds		623
Accrued vacation	_	97,341
Total current liabilities		268,592
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accrued vacation		59,279
OPEB obligation		704,000
Net Pension Liability		2,037,508
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,800,787
Total liabilities		3,069,379
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		4,679
NET POSITION:		
Unrestricted		3,082,077
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,		
AND NET POSITION	\$	6,156,135

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES:	
Fees revenue	\$ 1,337,374
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries, wages, and benefits	1,285,938
Consultants and professional services	707,996
Travel	75,114
Facilities operation	54,423
General expenses	44,865
Training	6,210
Communications	4,195
Printing	2,081
Postage	995
Total operating expenses	2,181,817
OPERATING LOSS	(844,443)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE: Interest income	40,589
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(803,854)
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	3,885,931
NET POSITION, End of Year	\$ 3,082,077

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from fees	\$	1,301,862
Receipts from interfund services provided		36,129
Payments to employees		(1,029,587)
Payments to suppliers		(310,558)
Payments for interfund services used		(457,391)
Net cash used by operating activities		(459,545)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Interest receipts from Surplus Money Investment Fund		36,213
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(423,332)
BEGINNING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	_	5,728,155
ENDING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	5,304,823
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating loss	\$	(844,443)
- F	_	(= : :, : :=)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING LOSS TO NET		
CASH USED BY OPERATIONS:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable		(35,512)
Due from other funds		36,129
Prepaid expenses		(12,000)
Deferred outflows related to pensions		(71,800)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable		140,589
Due to other funds		(659)
Accrued vacation		(22,184)
OPEB obligation		117,000
Net pension liability		267,299
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(33,964)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(459,545)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. GENERAL

The Golden State ScholarShare College Savings Trust (the Trust) was formed by California Law in April 1999, to help individuals save for the costs of higher education. Under the Trust, an individual (Account Owner) opens an account on behalf of a designated beneficiary that the Account Owner names and the contributions can be allocated among a number of investment options. The California Law that formed the Trust also established the ScholarShare Administrative Fund (the Administrative Fund) to administer the Trust activities. The oversight of the Trust and the Administrative Fund is the responsibility of the ScholarShare Investment Board (the Board).

The Board entered into management agreements with TIAA-CREF Tuition Financing, Inc. (TFI) until November 10, 2006, with Fidelity Brokerage Services, LLC (Fidelity) until November 6, 2011, and with TFI thereafter to serve as Program Managers of the Trust's accounts until the Account Owner requests funds. These accounts are not included in the financial statements of the Administrative Fund. Other auditors audit the financial statements of these accounts and a copy of the Trust's audited financial statements can be obtained from the ScholarShare Investment Board.

B. THE REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present information on the financial activities of the Administrative Fund. The Administrative Fund is a fund of the State of California and its financial information is included in the totals for the Enterprise Funds of the State of California's basic financial statements.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Administrative Fund is a public instrumentality of the State of California and is treated as an Enterprise Fund. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred (when goods are received or services rendered). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As a governmental entity, the Administrative Fund follows the accounting standard hierarchy established by the GASB.

D. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Receivables consist of administrative fees collected and interest earned on investments.

E. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivables and payables typically result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenses occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2017, the interfund receivables and payables are indicative of short-term cash flow borrowings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

At June 30, 2017, the Administrative Fund had an amount due to the State Department of General Services Revolving Fund of \$179 and an amount due to the State General Fund of \$444 for expenses paid by the funds on behalf of the Administrative Fund.

At June 30, 2017, the Administrative Fund had an amount due from the Governor's Scholarship Programs, General Fund (Program) of \$60,605 for expenses paid by the Administrative Fund on behalf of the Program and an amount due from the State Compensation Insurance Fund of \$2,346.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital assets are defined as assets with a useful life of at least one year and a unit acquisition cost of at least \$5,000. Equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over five years.

G. PENSION

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Administrative Fund's portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

H. REVENUES

Monthly, the Administrative Fund collects from the Trust fund a fee for the purpose of paying for its operating costs associated with administering the Trust. In addition, the Administrative Fund earns interest on its funds pooled with the State of California's Surplus Money Investment Fund.

The Administrative Fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from the administration of trust activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

I. VACATION AND SICK LEAVE

The accrued liability for the vacation compensation is recognized as an expense and liability in the Administrative Fund's financial statements. Additionally, accumulated sick-leave balances are not recorded as compensated absences because they do not vest to employees. However, unused sick-leave balances convert to service credits upon retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

J. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Administrative Fund is a fund of the State of California, which is primarily self-insured against loss or liability. The State generally does not maintain reserves; losses are covered by appropriations in the year in which the payment occurs or it becomes fixed and determinable. The Administrative Fund has not had any claims subject to this coverage. Additional disclosures are presented in the basic financial statements of the State of California.

K. USES OF ESTIMATES

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS IN STATE TREASURY

The Administrative Fund considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents in State Treasury at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Deposits in Surplus Money Investment Fund	\$ 5,304,000
Cash in State Treasury	823
Cash and Cash Equivalents in State Treasury	\$ 5,304,823

The investments must be allowable through the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which is operated by the State Treasurer's Office, which is granted the authority by California Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480.4. Allowable investments are as follows:

- U.S. government securities
- Securities of federally-sponsored agencies
- Domestic corporate bonds
- Interest-bearing time deposits in California banks
- Savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Prime-rated commercial paper
- Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements
- Security Loans
- Banker's Acceptances
- Negotiable certificates of deposits
- Loans to various bond funds

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

The Administrative Fund invests excess cash funds in the Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF). All of the resources of SMIF are invested through the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). The PMIA investment program is designated by the Pooled Money Investment Board and is administered by the office of the State Treasurer. As of June 30, 2017, the Administrative Fund has invested funds in SMIF in the amount of \$5,304,000.

Additional disclosure detail required by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, No. 31, No. 40, and No. 72 regarding cash deposits and investments is presented in the financial statements of the State of California.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	alance y 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	alance 2 30, 2017
Capital assets, being depreciated: Equipment	\$ 26,080			\$ 26,080
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment	(26,080)			(26,080)
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	\$	\$	\$

4. ACCRUED VACATION

Administrative Fund employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts, depending upon the employee. These hours are accrued for all employees on the basis of monthly payrolls. Upon separation, employees are paid for accumulated vacation days up to specified limits. Accrued vacation and sick leave follow State employees from agency to agency and are not necessarily earned since the inception of the Administrative Fund. Accrued vacation activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Balance]	Balance	Du	e Within
	<u>June 30, 2016</u>		Ad	ditions	ons Redu		<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2017	O	ne Year
Accrued vacation	\$	178,804	\$	75,157	\$	(97,341)	\$	156,620	\$	97,341

5. RETIREMENT PLAN

All eligible Administrative Fund employees participate in the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which is included in the State of California's (State) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a fiduciary component unit. CalPERS administers the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). PERF is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. Funds, departments and agencies within the State, including ScholarShare, are in a cost-sharing arrangement in which all risks and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

costs are shared proportionately by participating State funds/agencies. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for this plan. This report is available online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarially determined State contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the State pension benefit obligation as defined by CalPERS. The State charges the Administrative Fund for its share of the required contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense was \$174,804.

Generally, full-time and permanent part-time employees are eligible to participate in CalPERS. The benefits for the Plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five or ten years of credited service.

The Administrative Fund's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. ScholarShare's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the State Controller's Office (SCO) projection for the Administrative Fund. The SCO identified a total of 29 entities that are reported in the State's CAFR which are proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service) and fiduciary funds (pension and other employee benefit trust funds), component units (discretely presented and fiduciary), and related organizations, that have State employees with pensionable compensation (covered payroll). The SCO calculated and provided these funds/organizations with their allocated pensionable compensation percentages by plan. The Administrative Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2016 was 0.0062%.

As of June 30, 2017, the Administrative Fund reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the Plan's net pension liability of \$2,037,508.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Administrative Fund recognized pension expense of \$336,338. At June 30, 2017, the Administrative Fund reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ot	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	174,801			
Change in proportion		201,558			
Net differences between expected and actual					
experience		20,793	\$	(4,679)	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings					
on plan investments		225,082			
Total	\$	622,237	\$	(4,679)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

\$174,801 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2018	\$ 151,482
2019	138,493
2020	93,917
2021	58,863

Additional disclosure detail required by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, regarding the defined benefit plan are presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016, which is the latest available on the State Controllers website at www.sco.ca.gov.

6. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The State of California (the State) provides health care and dental benefits to annuitants of retirement systems to which the State contributes as an employer. A portion of the State's post-retirement benefit costs have been allocated to the Administrative fund as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 180,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	34,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(32,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	182,000
Contributions made	(65,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	117,000
Net OPEB obligation – beginning of year	587,000
Net OPEB obligation – end of year	\$ 704,000

Additional disclosure detail required by Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, regarding post-retirement benefits are presented in the financial statements of the State of California for the year ended June 30, 2016, which is the latest available on the State Controller's website at www.sco.ca.gov.